
Popular FIA adds new index crediting method

By Kerry Pechter Wed, Feb 5, 2014

The new Morgan Stanley Dynamic Allocation Index option on Security Benefit's Secure Income Annuity fixed index annuity offers exposure to a mixture of equity, fixed income and alternative assets that's rebalanced four times a month. It has uncapped crediting.

Security Benefit Life's Secure Income Annuity, the second-best selling fixed indexed annuity in the first three-quarters of 2013 according to Wink's Sales and Market Report, has added a new interest crediting option based on the Morgan Stanley Dynamic Allocation (MSDA) Index.

Secure Income Annuity offers a guaranteed lifetime income rider for 95 basis points a year. The rider includes a seven percent annual roll-up in the benefit base for the first 10 years (or until income payments begin, if earlier). The roll-up is renewable for contract owners under age 80, with the roll-up applied until age 85 or for a maximum of 20 years.

The contract offers an initial premium bonus of between 2% and 8%, depending on the state of issue. According to product literature, an early surrender may force a recapture of part of the bonus.

For the S&P 500 Index, annual point-to-point crediting method, the cap or maximum rate was 3.25% a year as of January 6, 2014. The S&P 500 monthly sum index cap is 1.60%. There's a 10-year surrender period. The payout rate starts at 4.5% at age 55 (4.0% for joint life) and goes up by 10 basis points per year until age 90.

The Morgan Stanley Dynamic Allocation Index is described in the product literature as "a rules-based strategy that consists of equities, short-term Treasuries, mid- to long-term bonds, and alternatives," plus cash, that are in turn made up of sub-asset classes.

Four times a month, the holdings are rebalanced, up to a fixed allocation limit for each asset class. The Index gets exposure to those asset classes and sub-asset classes by holding exchange-traded funds, which are themselves index funds that can be bought or sold throughout the trading day.

For instance, the index can hold up to 100% equities, but no more than 50% domestic, global or emerging market equities. It can hold up to 75% bonds, but no more than 20% high-yield bonds. It can hold up to 50% alternative investments, but no more than 25% gold or real estate.

"On each rebalancing selection date," the literature said, "the index methodology is applied to determine the asset mix that had the maximum historical return with 5% annualized volatility during the prior 63-trading-day period. Over the next five-trading-day rebalancing period, the weight of each sub-asset class is adjusted from its prior level, and the new asset allocation is gradually established."